

INSTRUCTION

EDUCATION FOR FOSTER YOUTH

Definitions

Foster youth means a child who has been removed from his/her home pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 309, is the subject of a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code 300 or 602, or has been removed from his/her home and is the subject of a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code 300 or 602 or is a nonminor who is under the transition jurisdiction of a juvenile court, as described in Welfare and Institutions Code 450, and satisfies the criteria specified in Education Code 42238.01. (Education Code 42238.01, 48853.5)

Person holding the right to make educational decision means a responsible adult appointed by a court pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 361 or 726.

School of origin means the school that the foster youth attended when permanently housed or the school in which he/she was last enrolled. If the school the foster youth attended when permanently housed is different from the school in which he/she was last enrolled, or if there is some other school that the foster youth attended within the preceding 15 months and with which the youth is connected, the district liaison for foster youth shall determine, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth, and in the best interests of the foster youth, which school is the school of origin. (Education Code 48853.5)

Best interests means that, in making educational and school placement decisions for a foster youth, consideration is given to, among other factors, educational stability, the opportunity to be educated in the least restrictive educational setting necessary to achieve academic progress, and the foster youth's access to academic resources, services, and extracurricular and enrichment activities that are available to all district students. (Education Code 48850, 48853)

District Liaison

The Superintendent designates the following position as the district's liaison for foster youth: (Education Code 48853.5)

Position or Title	Student Support Services Case Manager
Address	1800 S. Sutter Street, Stockton CA 95206
Phone Number	209-933-7028 / 209-933-7130 x2614



(cf 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)

The liaison for foster youth shall:

- 1. Ensure and facilitate the proper educational placement, enrollment in school, and checkout from school of students in foster care (Education Code 48853.5)
- 2. Ensure proper transfer of credits, records, and grades when students in foster care transfer from one school to another or from one district to another (Education Code 48645.5, 48853.5)

When a student in foster care is enrolling in a district school, the liaison shall contact the school last attended by the student to obtain, within two business days, all academic and other records. When a foster youth is transferring to a new school, the liaison shall provide the student's records to the new school within two business days of receiving the new school's request. (Education Code 48853.5)

(cf. 5117 Interdistrict Attendance) (cf 5125 - Student Records) (cf 6146.3 - Reciprocity of Academic Credit)

3. When required by law, notify the foster youth's attorney and the representative of the appropriate county child welfare agency when the foster youth is undergoing any expulsion or other disciplinary proceeding, including a manifestation determination prior to a change in the foster youth's placement, when he/she is a student with a disability. (Education Code 48853.5, 48911, 48915.5, 48918.1)

(cf 5144. I - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process) (cf 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities)) (cf 6159.4 - Behavioral Interventions for Special Education Students)

4. As needed, make appropriate referrals to ensure that students in foster care receive necessary special education services and services under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973

(cf 6164.4 Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education) (cf 6164.6 Identification and Education Under Section 504)

5. As needed, ensure that students in foster care receive appropriate school-based services, such as counseling and health services, supplemental instruction, and after- school services.

(cf 5141.6 - School Health Services) (cf 5148.2 - Before/After School Programs)



(cf 5149 - At-Risk Students)
(cf 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)
(cf 6172 - Gifted and Talented Student Program)
(cf 6174 - Education for English language learners)
(cf 6177 - Summer Learning Programs)
(cf 6179 - Supplemental Instruction)

6. Develop protocols and procedures for creating awareness for district staff, including principals, school registrars, and attendance clerks, of the requirements for the proper enrollment, placement, and transfer of foster youth

(cf 4131 - Staff Development) (cf 4231 - Staff Development) (cf 4331 - Staff Development)

7. Collaborate with the county placing agency, social services, probation officers, juvenile court officers, other appropriate agencies to help coordinate services for the district's foster youth.

(cf 1020 - Youth Services) (cf 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)

8. Monitor the educational progress of foster youth and provide reports to the Superintendent or designee and the Governing Board based on indicators identified in the district's local control and accountability plan.

(cf 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan)

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly monitor the caseload of the liaison, as well as his/her additional duties outside of the foster youth program, to determine whether adequate time and resources are available to meet the needs of foster youth in the district.

ENROLLMENT

A student placed in a licensed children's institution or foster family home within the district shall attend programs operated by the district unless one of the following circumstances applies: (Education Code 48853, 48853.5)

1. The student has an individualized education program requires placement in a nonpublic, nonsectarian school or agency, or in another local educational agency.

(cf 6159 - Individualized Education Program)

(cf 6159.2 - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian School and Agency Services for Special Education)



- 2. The parent/guardian or other person holding the right to make educational decisions for the student determines that it is in the best interest of the student to be placed in another educational program and submits a written statement to the district indicating that determination and that he/she is aware of the following:
 - a. The student has a right to attend a regular public school in the least restrictive environment.
 - b. The alternate educational program is a special education program, if applicable.
 - c. The decision to unilaterally remove the student from the district school and to place him/her in an alternate education program may not be financed by the district.
 - d. Any attempt to seek reimbursement for the alternate education program may be at the expense of the parent/guardian or other person holding the right to make educational decisions for the student.

(cf 5116.1 - Intradistrict Open Enrollment)

(cf 5117 - Interdistrict Attendance)

(cf 6159.3 - Appointment of Surrogate Parent for Special Education Students)

- 3. At the initial placement or any subsequent change in placement, the student exercises his/her right to continue in his/her school of origin, as defined below:
 - a. The student may continue in the school of origin for the duration of the court's jurisdiction.
 - b. If the court's jurisdiction over a grade K-8 student is terminated prior to the end of a school year, the student may continue in his/her school of origin for the remainder of the school year.
 - c. If the court's jurisdiction is terminated while the student is in high school, the student may continue in his/her school of origin until he/she graduates.
 - d. If the student is transitioning between school grade levels, he/she shall be allowed to continue in the district of origin in the same attendance area to provide him/her the benefit of matriculating with his/her peers in accordance with the established feeder patterns of school districts. A student who is transitioning to a middle school or high school shall be allowed to enroll in the school designated for matriculation in another school district.

The district liaison may, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth



and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth, recommend that the youth's right to attend the school of origin be waived and he/she be enrolled in any school that students living in the attendance area in which the foster youth resides are eligible to attend. All decisions shall be made in accordance with the foster youth's best interests. (Education Code 48853.5)

Prior to making any recommendation to move a foster youth from his/her school of origin, the liaison shall provide the youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth with a written explanation of the basis for the recommendation and how the recommendation serves the youth's best interests. (Education Code 48853.5)

The role of the liaison shall be advisory with respect to placement decisions and determination of the school of origin. (Education Code 48853.5)

If the liaison, in consultation with the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the foster youth, agrees that the best interests of the youth would be served by his/her transfer to a school other than the school of origin, the principal or designee of the new school shall immediately enroll the foster youth. The foster youth shall be immediately enrolled even if he/she: (Education Code 48853.5)

1. Has outstanding fees, fines, textbooks, or other items or monies due to the school last attended

(cf 5125.2 - Withholding Grades, Diploma or Transcripts)

2. Does not have clothing normally required by the school, such as school uniforms

(cf 5132 - Dress and Grooming)

3. Is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment, such as previous academic records, proof of residency, and medical records, including, but not limited to, immunization records or other documentation.

(cf 5141.26 - Tuberculosis Testing) (cf 5141.31 - Immunizations) (cf 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

If the foster youth or a person with the right to make educational decisions for the foster youth disagrees with the liaison's enrollment recommendation, he/she may appeal to the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall make a determination within 30 calendar days of receipt of the appeal. Within 30 calendar days of receipt of the Superintendent's decision, the parent/guardian or foster youth may appeal that decision to the Board. The Board shall consider the issue at its next regularly scheduled meeting. The Board's decision shall be final. See BP 6173 Exhibit 1.



(cf, 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

If any dispute arises regarding the request of a foster youth to remain in the school of origin, the youth has the right to remain in the school of origin pending resolution of the dispute. (Education Code 48853.5)

TRANSPORTATION

A LEA must ensure a child in foster care receives any transportation needed to the school of origin for the duration the child is in foster care. Upon entering foster care or changing foster care placement a child has the right to school stability, unless it is not in the child's best interest. Federal guidance encourages agencies to "make every effort to continue to ensure transportation is provided through the end of the school year" in which a child exits foster care.

(*Joint Guidance at 6, Q1*) (*ESEA § 1112(c)(5)(B)*) (*Joint Guidance at 17, Q25*)

In California, foster youth have the right to continue to attend their school of origin through the end of the school year for youth in grades one through eight, and have the right to complete high school for students already in high school when their case closes. EC Section 48853.

Under the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015, LEAs must collaborate with child welfare to develop and implement clear written procedures governing how transportation to maintain children in foster care in their school of origin when in their best interest will be provided, arranged, and funded for the duration of their time in foster care.

The transportation procedures must:

- 1. ensure that children in foster care needing transportation to the school of origin will promptly receive transportation in a cost-effective manner and in accordance with section 675(4)(A) of title 42; and
- 2. ensure that, if there are additional costs incurred in providing transportation to maintain children in foster care in their schools of origin, the local educational agency will provide transportation to the school of origin under certain conditions. 20 USC 6312(c). See AR 6173.1 Exhibit 2- MOU Transportation_SUSD_HSA_CPS

The LEAs and placing agencies are encouraged to collaborate to ensure maximum use of available federal moneys, explore public-private partnerships, and access any other funding sources to promote the well-being of foster children through educational stability. EC 48853.5(f)(10). In many cases, the caregiver may be able to provide transportation, in which case the placing agency can reimburse them for reasonable costs. 42 USC 675(4)(A).



The California Department of Social Services' All County Letter No. 11-51 explains how to calculate the reimbursement. For foster youth with an individualized education program (IEP) and for whom their IEP team has determined that transportation is a necessary related service for the youth to benefit from their IEP, the LEA must provide transportation as part of its responsibility to provide a free appropriate public education (FAPE), with consideration of location, placement, and the needs of the youth. EC 56040; EC 41850(b)(5).

EFFECT OF ABSENCES ON GRADES

The grades of a student in foster care shall not be lowered for any absence from school that is due to either of the following circumstances: (Education Code 49069.5)

- 1. A decision by a court or placement agency to change the student's placement, in which case the student's grades shall be calculated as of the date he/she left school
- 2. A verified court appearance or related court-ordered activity

(cf 5121 - Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

TRANSFER OF COURSEWORK AND CREDITS

More than sixty percent of foster youth drop out of high school. One major barrier to high school graduation is schools' failure to issue partial credits. Foster youth have a right to partial credits for all work satisfactorily completed before transferring schools under Education Code Sections 49069.5 and 51225.2.

When a foster youth transfers into a district school, the district shall accept and issue full credit for any coursework that the foster youth has satisfactorily completed while attending another public school, a juvenile court school, or a nonpublic, nonsectarian school or agency and shall not require the foster youth to retake the course. (Education Code 51225.2)

If the foster youth did not complete the entire course, he/she shall be issued partial credit for the coursework completed and shall be required to take the portion of the course that he/she did not complete at his/her previous school. However, the district may require the foster youth to retake the portion of the course completed if, in consultation with the holder of educational rights for the foster youth, the district finds that the foster youth is reasonably able to complete the requirements in time to graduate from high school. Whenever partial credit is issued to a foster youth in any particular course, he/she shall be enrolled in the same or equivalent course, if applicable, so that he/she may continue and complete the entire course. (Education Code 51225.2)

Partial credits shall be awarded on the basis of 0.5 credits for every seven class periods attended



per subject. If the school is on a block schedule, each block schedule class period attended shall be equal to two regular class periods per subject. Partial credits and grades earned by a student shall be included on the student's official transcript within two business days of the district's notification of the student's transfer, as required under Education Code 49069.5.

# OF CLASS PERIODS ATTENDED PER	# OF CREDITS EARNED		
SUBJECT	5 CREDITS/GRADING PERIOD	4X4 GRADING PERIODS	
7-13	.5 Credits	1.0 Credits	
14-20	1.0 Credits	2.0 Credits	
21-27	1.5 Credits	3.0 Credits	
28-34	2.0 Credits	4.0 Credits	
35-41	2.5 Credits	5.0 Credits	
42-48	3.0 Credits	6.0 Credits	
49-55	3.5 Credits	7.0 Credits	
56-62	4.0 Credits	8.0 Credits	
63-69	4.5 Credits	9.0 Credits	
70+	5.0 Credits	10.0 Credits	

Calculation/Conversion Table

In no event shall the district prevent a foster youth from taking or retaking a course to meet the eligibility requirements for admission to the California State University or the University of California. (Education Code 51225.2)

APPLICABILITY OF GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

To obtain a high school diploma, a foster youth shall pass the high school exit examination in English language and mathematics, complete all courses required by Education Code 51225.3, and fulfill any additional graduation requirement prescribed by the Board.

(cf 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements) (cf 6162.52 - High School Exit Examination)

RETROACTIVE DIPLOMAS (BP 6141.1, Stockton USD, Section D)

Senate Bill (SB) 172 suspended the administration of the California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) and the requirement that students completing grade twelve successfully pass the high school exit examination as a condition of receiving a diploma. Any student who has completed grade 12 in the 2003-04 through 2014-15 school year and met all applicable graduation



requirements other than the passage of the high school exit examination shall be granted a high school diploma. (Education Code 51413).

In addition, the district may retroactively grant high school diplomas to former students who: (Education Code <u>48204.4</u>, <u>51430</u>, <u>51440</u>)

1. Former students who departed California against their will while in grade 12 and did not receive a diploma because the departure interrupted their education, provided that they were in good academic standing at the time of the departure.

Persons may be considered to have departed California against their will if they were in custody of a government agency and were transferred to another state, were subject to a lawful order from a court or government agency that authorized their removal from California, were subject to a lawful order and were permitted to depart California before being removed from California pursuant to the lawful order, were removed or were permitted to depart voluntarily pursuant to the federal Immigration and Nationality Act, or departed due to other circumstances determined by the district that are consistent with the purposes of Education Code 48204.4.

In determining whether to award a diploma under these circumstances, the Superintendent or designee shall consider any coursework that may have been completed outside of the United States or through online or virtual courses.

- 2. Former students who interned by order of the federal government during World War II or are honorably discharged veterans of World War II, the Korean War, or the Vietnam War, provided that they were enrolled in a district school immediately preceding the internment or military service and did not receive a diploma because their education was interrupted due to the internment or military service in those wars.
- 3. Former students who are veterans and entered the military service of the United States while in grade 12 and who had satisfactorily completed the first half of the work required for grade 12 in a district school.
- 4. Former students who were senior year of high school during the 2019-20 school year, were in good academic standing and on track to graduate at the end of the 2019-20 school year as of March 1, 2020, and were unable to complete the statewide graduation requirements as a result of the COVID-19 crisis.

Deceased former students who satisfy these conditions may be granted a retroactive diploma to be received by their next of kin.

(cf. 6146.11 - Alternative Credits Toward Graduation)
(cf. 6146.2 - Certificate of Proficiency/High School Equivalency)
(cf. 6146.4 - Differential Graduation and Competency Standards for Students with Disabilities)



However, when a foster youth who has completed his/her second year of high school transfers into the district from another school district or transfers between high schools within the district, he/she shall be exempted from all district-adopted coursework and other district-established graduation requirements, unless the District makes a finding that the student is reasonably able to complete the additional requirements in time to graduate from high school by the end of his/her fourth year of high school. Within 30 calendar days of the foster youth's transfer, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the foster youth, the person holding the right to make educational decisions for him/her, and the foster youth's social worker of the availability of the exemption and whether the foster youth qualifies for it. (Education Code 51225.1,60851)

To determine whether a foster youth is in his/her third or fourth year of high school, the district shall use either the number of credits the foster youth has earned as of the date of the transfer or the length of his/her school enrollment, whichever qualifies him/her for the exemption. (Education Code 51225.1)

(cf 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements) (cf 6162.52 - High School Exit Examination)

AB167/216 HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION FOR FOSTER/PROBATION YOUTH

Foster youth who transfer high schools after their second year may graduate by completing minimum state graduation requirements if, at the time of transfer, they cannot reasonably complete additional local school district requirements within four years of high school.

AB 167/216 (2009) graduation applies to any youth in foster care or on probation who is either

removed from their home under Welfare and Institutions Code 309 or subject to a petition under Welfare and Institutions Code 602, regardless of where they live.

To determine whether a youth completed their second year of high school, schools must use either the length of enrollment or the number of credits earned, whichever method will make the youth more likely to be eligible.

Graduation Options: (1) Accept the exemption and graduate using minimum state requirements. (2) Reject the exemption and graduate using school district requirements. (3) Remain in high school a 5th year to complete all school district requirements. Youth have a right to remain in high school for a 5th year even if they turn 19 years old. (4) Acknowledge eligibility but defer decision until a later date. Regardless, youth graduate receiving a normal high school diploma.

Once a youth is found eligible, they remain eligible, even if they transfer schools again, return to their biological parents' care, or their court case closes.



English	(30 credits)
Math • Algebra 1 / Mathematics 1 (10 credits) • Other Math (10 credits)	(20 credits)
Science • Biological Science (10 credits) • Physical Science (10 credits)	(20 credits)
 Social Studies World History (10 credits) US History (10 credits) American Government/Civics (5 credits) Economics (5 credits) 	(30 credits)
Visual or Performing Arts, foreign language, or Career Technical Education	(10 credits)
Electives TOTAL:	(0 credits) 130 Credits

The Superintendent or designee shall notify any foster youth who is granted an exemption and, the person holding the right to make educational decisions for him/her how any, requirements that are waived will affect the foster youth's ability to gain admission to a postsecondary

educational institution and shall provide information about transfer opportunities available through the California Community Colleges. (Education Code 51225.3)

The district shall not require or request a foster youth to transfer schools in order to qualify for an exemption and no request for a transfer solely to qualify for an exemption shall be made by a foster youth or any person acting on behalf of a foster youth. (Education Code 51225.1)

Upon making a finding that a foster youth is reasonably able to complete district graduation requirements within his/her fifth year of high school, the Superintendent or designee shall: (Education Code 51225.1)

1. Inform the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for him/her of the foster youth's option to remain in school for a fifth year to complete the district's graduation requirements and how that will affect his/her ability to gain admission to a postsecondary educational institution



- 2. Provide information to the foster youth about transfer opportunities available through the California Community Colleges
- 3. Upon agreement with the foster youth or, if he/she is under 18 years of age, the person holding the right to make educational decisions for him/her, permit the foster youth to stay in school for a fifth year to complete the district's graduation requirements

ELIGIBILITY FOR EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITES

A foster youth whose residence changes pursuant to a court order or decision of a child welfare worker shall be immediately deemed to meet all residency requirements for participation in interscholastic sports or other extracurricular activities. (Education Code 48850)

(cf 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities) (cf 6145.2 -Athletic Competition)

(03/13) 10/23